**∓**ROM

## CLAIM AMENDMENTS

- A method of preventing or reducing myocardial dysfunction 1. (original) comprising administering an effective amount of an agent that can Inhibit lysozyme to a cell or animal in need thereof.
- A method according to claim 1 wherein the agent is a 2. (original) carbohydrate having at least two N-acetylglucosamine (NAG) units.
- A method according to claim 1 wherein the agent is N,N' 3. (original) diacetylglucosamine (chitobiose) or N,N', N" triacetylglucosamine (TAC).
- A method according to claim 1 wherein the agent is an 4. (original) antisense oligonucleotide to lysozyme or antibody to lysozyme.
- A method according to claim 1 wherein the agent can inhibit the 5. (original) binding of lysozyme to a glycoprotein on the cell to be treated.
- A method according to claim 1 where the animal has a condition 6. (original) selected from the group consisting of sepsis and systemic inflammatory response syndrome (SIRS).
- A method of preventing or reducing an inflammatory response 7. (original) comprising administering an effective amount of an agent that can inhibit lysozyme to a cell or animal in need thereof.
- A method according to claim 7 wherein the agent is a 8. (original) carbohydrate having at least two N-acetylglucosamine (NAG) units.
- A method according to claim 7 wherein the agent is N,N 9. (original) diacetylglucosamine (chitobiose) or N,N',N" triacetylglucosamine (TAC).
- 10. (original) A method according to claim 7 wherein the agent is an antisense oligonucleotide to lysozyme or antibody to lysozyme.
- 11. (original) A method according to claim 7 wherein the agent can inhibit the binding of lysozyme to a glycoprotein on the cell to be treated.

- 12. (original) A method according to claim 7 where the animal has a condition selected from the group consisting of sepsis and systemic inflammatory response syndrome (\$IR\$).
- 13. (original) A method of preventing or reducing the onset of myocardial dysfunction in an animal with sepsis comprising administering an effective amount of an agent that can inhibit lysozyme to the animal.
- 14. (original) A method of reversing myocardial depression in an animal with sepsis comprising administering an effective amount of an agent that can inhibit lysozyme to the animal.
- 15. (original) A method according to claim 14 wherein the agent is N,N' diacetylglucosamine (chitobiose).
- 16. (original) A method of treating a condition selected from the group consisting of septic shock and systemic inflammatory response syndrome (SIRS) comprising administering an effective amount of an agent that can inhibit lysozyme to a cell or animal in need thereof.
  - 17. cancelled.
  - 18. cancelled.